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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/530,915	04/02/2007	George Hubbard	A4-144 CIP US 9591		
23683 MOLEY INCC	7590 12/05/2007		EXAMINER		
MOLEX INCORPORATED 2222 WELLINGTON COURT			GILMAN, ALEXANDER		
LISLE, IL 605	32		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2833		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/530,915	HUBBARD ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
<u> </u>	Alexander D. Gilman	2833
The MAILING DATE of this communication appoperiod for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timil apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Ap 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under Ex 	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims	,	
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-37 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7,10-33 and 35 is/are rejected. 7) ☒ Claim(s) 8,9,34,36 and 37 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies 	have been received. have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/04/2006. S. Patent and Trademark Office	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7, 10-15, 20, 21, 25, 33, 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lin in view of Joly.

Lin (US 6,852,252) discloses an connector for connecting a cable to a printed wiring board comprising:

a dielectric housing (20, 30);

a conductive signal contact (35, 37) mounted on said housing (30) and adapted for mating with a signal conductor (81) of the cable; and

a connector (40) connected to said housing, a receptacle defined between said spring connector and said housing, said connector having an arm (410) for causing said signal contact on said housing to electrically connect to a signal contact on the printed wiring board when the printed wiring board is inserted into said receptacle.

Joly (US 5,975,959) disclose spring terminals (10) with a deflectable arm

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide Lin's connector with elastic terminals, as taught by Joly, to provide a certain contact force to PCB contact pads and ,hence, improve contacts.

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With regard to claim 2, Lin-Joly disclose that said spring connector is a separate member from said housing, such that said spring connector (Lin)can be engaged and disengaged from said housing, said spring connector including ding a body and said deflectable arm (Joly) is provided in said body.

With regard to claim 3, Lin-Joly disclose (Joly) that said deflectable arm is curved in an unflexced position.

With regard to claim 4, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) a ground shield (50) attached to said housing,

With regard to claims 4-7, 33 Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) that a plurality of the connector terminals which can be assigned as ground terminals being capable of flexing (Joly)relative to said body when the connection between said ground shield and, the ground termlinal on the printed wiring board is made wherein said ground terminal is electrically isolated from said signal terminal in said body.

With regard to claim 10, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) that said receptacle (Fig. 2) has openings on two sides thereof into which the printed wiring board can be inserted.

With regard to claims 11, 13, 35, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) that said signal contacts are mounted symmetrically regarding a mating axis.

With regard to claims 12, 25, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) that a ground shield (50) attached to said housing.

With regard to claim 14, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) that ground contacts provided on said housing can be disposed on opposite sides of said signal contact and means for connecting said ground contacts with said ground shield (col. 4, lines 28-30).

With regard to claim 15, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) a conductive layer (722) provided between the housing and said ground shield.

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With regard to claims 20, 21 Lin-Joly do not disclose T-shaped configuration of the signal contactand a location of ground contacts

Applicants have presented no argument which convinces that the particular configuration of the signal contact is significant or is anything more than one of numerous configurations a person of ordinary skill in the art would find obvious for purpose of assembling a cable connector. In re Dailey, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1976).

Also, it was held that would be no invention in shifting location of parts to a different position since the operation of the device would not be thereby be modified. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.

Claims 16, 17, 22-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lin-Joly as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Mullin and Lang et al.

Mullin (US 7,021,967) discloses (Fig. 5) ground shield with an opening through which the cable is inserted said opening having a first section which is larger than the cable to allow the cable to be fleely inserted therein and second section which smaller than the cable into which the cable can be inserted, including a tapered section between said first and second sections of said opting.

Also Mullin discloses (Fig. 2) that said housing includes a passageway into which at least a portion of the cable is inserted, wherein said sisal contact extends into said passageway.

Lang et al (US 6,135,818) disclose that said passageway includes a plurality of ribs (14) therein for gripping the cable.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the

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invention was made to use the structural features for attaching a cable to a connector, as taught by Mulli and Lng et al., to dependable fix the cable to housing and the shield.

With regard to claim 28, Lang et al disclose that housing is formed by first (7) and second (8) bodies which are joined together.

With regard to claim 29, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) that a ground shield (50, 50)

With regard to claim 30, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin) that said ground shield includes a pair of arms (52) for joining said first and second bodies together.

With regard to claim 32, Lin-Joly disclose (Lin)at least one protrusion (22) formed of a dielectric material on the housing proximate to the signal contact.

Claims 18, 19, 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lin-Joly as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Asick et al.

Asick et al (US 6,135,818) disclose that said ground shield includes a pair of wings (48) capable of being attached to a guide rail in a device.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the shield with wings, as taught by Asick et al, to fixedly mount the connector

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 8, 9, 34, 36, 37 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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No prior art has been found to anticipate or render obvious the presently claimed subject matter. Specifically, none of the prior art of record discloses the combination of the limitations presented including

the deflectable arm being formed as part of said ground shield (claim 8);
the plurality of plated through apertures provided through the housing for providing the
electrical connection from the ground contacts to the ground shield (34);
the connector's deflectable arm biasing a flexible printed wiring board against said signal
contact mounted on said housing (claim 36).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander D. Gilman whose telephone number is 571 272-2004. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 10:30 a.m. - 8:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paula A. Bradley can be reached on 571 272-2800 ext. 33. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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